# Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

			-		nd P.A. 71 of 1919,	as amended	-					
Loca	I Unit	of Gov	ernment Type	Э			Local Unit Na	ne		County		
	Count	ty	□City	□Twp	□Village	Other						
Fisc	al Yea	r End			Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Sub	mitted to State			
We a	ffirm	that:						<b>-</b>				
We a	re ce	ertifie	d public ac	countants	s licensed to pra	actice in M	/lichigan.					
We f	urthe	r affi	rm the follo	wing mate	erial, "no" respo	onses hav	e been disclo	sed in the financial sta	tements, incl	uding the notes, or in the		
Mana	agem	nent L	_etter (repo	ort of comi	ments and reco	mmendat	ions).					
	YES	9	Check ea	ch applic	cable box belo	<b>w</b> . (See in	structions fo	further detail.)				
1.					nent units/funds es to the financ				financial stat	ements and/or disclosed in the		
2.		☐ There are no accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/unrestricted net assets (P.A. 275 of 1980) or the local unit has not exceeded its budget for expenditures.										
3.			The local	unit is in o	compliance with	the Unifo	orm Chart of	Accounts issued by the	Department	of Treasury.		
4.			The local	unit has a	dopted a budg	et for all re	equired funds	i.				
5.			A public h	earing on	the budget wa	s held in a	accordance w	rith State statute.				
6.					not violated the ssued by the L				the Emerger	ncy Municipal Loan Act, or		
7.		☐ The local unit has not been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.										
8.			The local unit only holds deposits/investments that comply with statutory requirements.									
9.			The local unit has no illegal or unauthorized expenditures that came to our attention as defined in the <i>Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan</i> , as revised (see Appendix H of Bulletin).									
10.	10. There are no indications of defalcation, fraud or embezzlement, which came to our attention during the course of our audit that have not been previously communicated to the Local Audit and Finance Division (LAFD). If there is such activity that ha not been communicated, please submit a separate report under separate cover.											
11.			The local	unit is free	e of repeated c	omments	from previou	s years.				
12.			The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	D.						
13.					complied with G		r GASB 34 a	s modified by MCGAA	Statement #7	and other generally		
14.			The board	d or counc	cil approves all	invoices p	rior to payme	ent as required by chart	er or statute.			
15.			To our kn	owledge,	bank reconcilia	tions that	were reviewe	ed were performed time	ely.			
incl des	uded cripti	in th on(s)	nis or any of the autl	other aud hority and	dit report, nor of or commission	do they o ı.	btain a stand	d-alone audit, please e		the audited entity and is not name(s), address(es), and a		
					s statement is o				`			
we	nave	e end	closed the	tollowing	g:	Enclosed	Not Requir	ed (enter a brief justification	on)			
Fina	ancia	l Sta	tements									
The	lette	er of (	Comments	and Reco	ommendations							
Oth	er (D	escrib	e)									
Cert	fied P	ublic A	Accountant (Fi	rm Name)				Telephone Number				
Stre	et Add	ress						City	State	Zip		
Auth	Authorizing CPA Signature  Daird W. Xbrung on  Printed Name  License Number											

Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2006

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the City Council City of Berkley, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berkley, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Berkley, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berkley, Michigan as of June 30, 2006 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis, pension system schedule of funding progress, and the budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

I



To the City Council City of Berkley, Michigan

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Berkley, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Plante + Moran, PLLC

October 31, 2006

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Berkley, Michigan's financial performance provides an overview of the City of Berkley's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

### Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2006:

- State-shared revenue, a significant revenue source, was reduced by the state of Michigan by approximately \$17,000 this year due to a declining state economy and state budget cutbacks.
   The City reacted by carefully reviewing expenditures.
- Total net assets related to the City's governmental activities increased by approximately \$1,700,000. The unrestricted portion of net assets increased by approximately \$600,000.
- In May 2006, the City issued \$5,975,000 of road bonds. These bonds are being utilized to rehabilitate major and local streets throughout the City. Those roads receiving bond proceeds for rehabilitation include Twelve Mile, Eleven Mile, Coolidge Hwy., Webster Road, Catalpa, and various local street improvements throughout the City. Eleven Mile road work is scheduled to start in December 2006 and is a joint venture with the City of Huntington Woods, Oak Park, and the Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority (SOCWA).
- The City utilized the Pavement Surface Evaluation Road Rating System to determine roadway condition ratings for the 2005/2006 road inventory update, to identify priority projects for the 2006 Road Improvement Program.
- To reduce the infiltration of ground water into the sewer collection system and re-establish the structural integrity of the sewer mains, the City continued the sewer lining upgrade program. The City invested and capitalized just over \$441,000 in the sewer lining program.
- The City also continued the water meter replacement program, replacing 91 meters in the year ended June 30, 2006.
- The City completed Phase II of the street sign upgrade program, which will improve visibility of street names on signs and will be phased in over three years.
- The City continues to provide an employee training program to enable Water Department employees to obtain Michigan Department of Environmental Quality, Water Distribution System certifications, as required by federal and state regulations.
- Circulation increased 17 percent at the library in the year ended June 30, 2006. This
  increase is partially due to the citizens of Royal Oak utilizing the Berkley library while the
  Royal Oak library was being remodeled.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

- The City revised its yard waste collection program due to major changes in Michigan Department of Natural Resources regulations.
- New voting equipment was provided by the State of Michigan at no cost to the City of Berkley as authorized by the federal government under the Help America Vote Act. The voting machines were placed on the City books at a value of \$70,000.
- The City's master plan is currently undergoing a State of Michigan mandated review. The City plans to hold a public hearing and approve the final master plan in January 2007.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City of Berkley as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

### The City of Berkley as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of June 30, 2006 and 2005 (in millions of dollars):

	Go	vernmen	tal Act	ivities	Business-type Activities					Total			
	2006		20	2005		2006		.005	2	2006	2005		
Current assets	\$	13.6	\$	6.8	\$	4.0	\$	3.7	\$	17.6	\$	10.5	
Noncurrent assets		14.2		12.7		3.2		2.9		17.4		15.6	
Total assets		27.8		19.5		7.2		6.6		35.0		26.1	
Current liabilities		2.6		1.4		0.3		0.3		2.9		1.7	
Long-term liabilities		14.8		9.5		0.3		0.3		15.1		9.8	
Total liabilities		17.4		10.9		0.6		0.6		18.0		11.5	
Net assets:													
Invested in capital assets -													
Net of related debt		4.0		3.3		2.9		2.5		6.9		5.8	
Restricted		3.6		2.9		-		-		3.6		2.9	
Unrestricted		2.8		2.4		3.7		3.5		6.5		5.9	
Total net assets (as restated)	<u>\$</u>	10.4	\$	8.6	\$	6.6	\$	6.0	\$	17.0	\$	14.6	

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

The City of Berkley's combined net assets increased just over 16 percent from a year ago - increasing from \$14.6 million to \$17.0 million. Unrestricted net assets of the governmental activities and the business-type activities, the part of net assets used to finance day-to-day operations, increased approximately 10.2 percent from June 30, 2005.

In reviewing the City's net assets of business-type activities, the net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, increased approximately 16 percent due to the addition of a new business asset in the current year net of depreciation expense. Specifically, the new asset acquired is the City-wide sewer relining program, in which the City invested and capitalized just over \$441,000 worth of sewer relining work. Total net assets of the business-type activities increased by approximately \$575,000. This is primarily a result of operating income in the City's Water and Sewer activity and a net operating loss of approximately \$45,000 at the ice arena. Current net assets are sufficient in the Ice Arena Fund to offset the loss in the year ended June 30, 2006.

City management is developing revenue enhancement and expense reduction strategies that will eliminate the use of the ice arena unrestricted net assets to defray future ice arena costs.

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

The following table shows the changes of the net assets during the years ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 (in millions of dollars):

	Gov	ernmen	tal Activities	В	usiness-typ	Activities	Total				
	2	.006	2005		2006		2005		2006		2005
Revenue											
Program revenue:											
Charges for services	\$	2.3	2.4	\$	4.5	\$	4.2	\$	6.8	\$	6.6
Operating grants and											
contributions		1.1	1.2		-		-		1.1		1.2
General revenue:											
Property taxes		6.2	5.9		-		-		6.2		5.9
State-shared revenue		1.5	1.5		-		-		1.5		1.5
Unrestricted											
investment earnings		0.4	0.1		0.1		-		0.5		0.1
Franchise fees		0.2	0.2		-		-		0.2		0.2
Transfers and other											
revenue		8.0	0.8		(0.5)		(0.5)		0.3		0.3
Total revenue		12.5	12.1		4.1		3.7		16.6		15.8
Program Expenses											
General government		2.4	2.1		-		-		2.4		2.1
Public safety		4.0	3.6		-		-		4.0		3.6
Public works		2.4	2.3		-		-		2.4		2.3
Health and welfare		0.1	0.1		-		-		0.1		0.1
Recreation and culture		1.7	1.4		-		-		1.7		1.4
Unallocated depreciation		-	0.4		-		-		-		0.4
Interest on long-term debt		0.3	0.3		-		-		0.3		0.3
Water and sewer		-	-		3.0		3.2		3.0		3.2
Arena					0.5		0.4		0.5		0.4
Total program											
expenses		10.9	10.2		3.5		3.6	_	14.4	_	13.8
Change in Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	1.6	\$ 1.9	\$	0.6	\$	0.1	\$	2.2	\$	2.0

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

#### **Governmental Activities**

Overall, the net assets for governmental activities increased by \$1,700,000 in fiscal year 2006 over fiscal year 2005 due to the economic effects described below.

The City of Berkley's total governmental revenues increased by approximately \$500,000, despite a decrease in state-shared revenue received in the year ended June 30, 2006. The revenue increase of 4.95 percent was primarily due to the normal property tax growth and unanticipated investment earnings growth due to the strengthening of the national economy.

Public safety expenses account for over one-third of the total expenses of the governmental activities. General government and public works expenses were the next largest functions.

In total, expenses increased by approximately \$700,000 from the prior year. Over \$400,000 of the increase is the depreciation of capital assets on the City's books. The balance of expenditures, or \$300,000, was recorded in the general government section of operation. Specifically, one tax tribunal case, an increase in staffing in the probation department of the district court, and overall cost of living labor charges contributed to this increase.

#### **Business-type Activities**

The City of Berkley's business-type activities include water and sewer and arena. We provide water and sewer services to residents through contacts or consortiums with the Detroit Water and Sewerage Department. Total net assets of the business-type activities increased by approximately \$575,000. This is primarily a result of operating income in the City's water and sewer activity and a net operating loss of approximately \$45,000 at the ice arena.

## The City of Berkley's Funds

Our analysis of the City of Berkley's major funds begins on page 12, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. The City council creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages.

The City of Berkley's major funds for the year ended June 30, 2006 include the General Fund, the Major and Local Streets Funds, the Solid Waste Service Fund, and the three Capital Project Road Funds (Major and Local Streets and Eleven Mile Road).

The General Fund pays for most of the City of Berkley's governmental services. The most significant are police and fire, which incurred expenses of approximately \$4,100,000. These services are partially supported by a special public safety millage, which is recorded in the General Fund. During the current year, expenditures recorded in the General Fund directly related to the public safety millage amounted to approximately \$670,000. The remaining cost of the police and fire protection is funded by other general revenue sources of the General Fund.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the City of Berkley amended the General Fund budget to take into account events during the year. The most significant change was to increase the estimated fines and forfeitures and other revenue lines by approximately \$121,000 and \$239,000, respectively. This was primarily a result of increased traffic fees and insurance refunds. Total expenditures were only approximately \$13,000 over budget, resulting in an overall increase to the General Fund fund balance of \$245,000.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

At the end of 2006, the City of Berkley had \$17,500,000 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, police and fire equipment, and water and sewer lines. In addition, the City of Berkley has invested significantly in roads within the City of Berkley. Additions to capital assets include the construction in progress on various major and local streets throughout the city, sewer line relining program, as well as new water meters, drain improvements, patrol cars and reinvestment in various city facilities. Additional information regarding the City's capital assets and debt can be found within the notes to the basic financial statements.

The City will continue the major and local road improvement projects in the upcoming year, which includes various funding sources including the May 2006 bond issue and federal grant monies.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The City will continue to face difficulty maintaining a balanced budget due to inherent limitations on its primary sources of revenue. Two major sources of unrestricted revenue for the City are property taxes from operating millages and state-shared revenue, both of which are subject to limitations that will prevent them from increasing by much more than the rate of inflation for at least the foreseeable future. On the other hand, expenses are expected to increase by more than inflation in many areas such as health insurance, current retiree benefits, energy costs, and the potential funding of future retiree health care liabilities. Through the use of long-term planning, the City will continue to evaluate and monitor its budget. Adjustments will be made to address changes in economic conditions and other events.

#### **Contacting the City of Berkley's Management**

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City of Berkley's finances and to show the City of Berkley's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the city finance director's office.

# Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

		Pi							
	Gov	vernmental	Ві	usiness-type			Component		
	A	Activities		Activities		Total		Units	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4) Receivables:	\$	8,032,056	\$	2,061,621	\$	10,093,677	\$	378,248	
Taxes		32,421		_		32,421		13,817	
Customers		25,354		1,992,748		2,018,102		-	
Other governmental units		826,739		-		826,739		_	
Inventories		29,135		_		29,135		_	
Prepaid costs		199,543		_		199,543		_	
Internal balances (Note 6)		27,339		(27,339)		-		_	
Restricted assets (Note 8)		4,379,345		-		4,379,345			
Capital assets (Note 5):		, ,							
Nondepreciable		1,652,813		13,795		1,666,608		_	
Depreciable - Net		12,571,003		3,232,319	_	15,803,322			
Total assets		27,775,748		7,273,144		35,048,892		392,065	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable		1,550,156		183,275		1,733,431		23,466	
Accrued and other liabilities		302,652		109,875		412,527		-	
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 7):									
Due within one year		791,274		35,000		826,274		-	
Due in more than one year		14,768,896		346,189	_	15,115,085			
Total liabilities		17,412,978		674,339		18,087,317		23,466	
Net Assets									
Invested in capital assets - Net of									
related debt		3,966,796		2,921,114		6,887,910		-	
Restricted:									
Construction		3,088,760		-		3,088,760		-	
Public safety		69,779		-		69,779		-	
Community development and promotion		55,787		-		55,787		-	
Sanitation		252,201		-		252,201		-	
Recreation		116,738		-		116,738		-	
Unrestricted		2,812,709	_	3,677,691	_	6,490,400		368,599	
Total net assets	<u>\$ 1</u>	0,362,770	\$	6,598,805	\$	16,961,575	\$	368,599	

				Pro	gran	n Revenues			
						Operating	Capital Grants		
					(	Grants and		and	
		Expenses	Cha	rges for Services	C	ontributions	Cor	ntributions	
Functions/Programs									
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	2,465,003	\$	1,418,773	\$	66,216	\$	69,965	
Public safety		3,984,638		228,950		29,440		-	
Public works		2,380,517		280,564		937,776		-	
Health and welfare		121,006		-		30,220		-	
Recreation and culture		1,681,961		388,116		73,728		4,494	
Interest on long-term debt		266,936			_				
Total governmental activities		10,900,061		2,316,403		1,137,380		74,459	
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer		2,942,099		3,990,896		_		-	
Arena		528,272		472,655	_				
Total business-type activities		3,470,371		4,463,551					
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	14,370,432	\$	6,779,954	\$	1,137,380	\$	74,459	
Component unit - Downtown Development									
Authority	\$	184,732	\$		\$		\$		

General revenues:

Property taxes

State-shared revenues

Unrestricted investment earnings

Franchise fees

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

#### Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning of year, as restated (Note 2)

Net Assets - End of year

# Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in	n N	Vet Assets
--------------------------------------	-----	------------

	\	<u>'                                    </u>			
	F	rimary Governm	ent		
G	overnmental	Business-type		_	Component
	Activities	Activities		Total	Units
\$	(910,049)	\$ -	\$	(910,049)	\$ -
Ψ	(3,726,248)	-	Ψ	(3,726,248)	-
	(1,162,177)	_		(1,162,177)	_
	(90,786)	_		(90,786)	_
	(1,215,623)	_		(1,215,623)	_
	(266,936)	_		(266,936)	_
_	/		_		-
	(7,371,819)	-		(7,371,819)	-
	,			,	
	-	1,048,797		1,048,797	-
_	-	(55,617)		(55,617)	
		993,180		993,180	
	(7,371,819)	993,180		(6,378,639)	_
	( , , , ,	,		( , , , ,	
	-	-		-	(184,732)
	6,199,398	-		6,199,398	183,771
	1,465,184	-		1,465,184	-
	405,303	84,484		489,787	17,391
	194,955 344,544	-		194,955	- 1 202
		- (F02.007)		344,544	1,383
	502,987	(502,987)			
_	9,112,371	(418,503)		8,693,868	202,545
	1,740,552	574,677		2,315,229	17,813
	8,622,218	6,024,128		14,646,346	350,786
\$	10,362,770	\$ 6,598,805	\$	16,961,575	\$ 368,599
÷			_		

# Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2006

		Major Spe			pecial Revenue Funds			Major Capita	l Project Fund			
								Major and		_	Nonmajor	Total
		Ma	ajor Street		Local Street	S	Solid Waste	Local Streets	Eleven Mile	G	overnmental	Governmental
	General Fund		Fund		Fund	Service Fund		Projects	Road Project		Funds	Funds
_												
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4) Receivables:	\$ 2,005,261	\$	1,536,589	\$	1,055,303	\$	307,709	\$ 1,226,128	\$ 66,963	\$	910,298	\$ 7,108,251
Due from other funds (Note 6)	27,339		-		-		-	-			-	27,339
Taxes	17,293		-		-		14,899	-	-		229	32,421
Customers	25,354		-		-		3,747	-	-		-	29,101
Other governmental units	474,765		100,082		39,574		-	178,350	-		30,221	822,992
Prepaid costs	199,253		-		-		-	-	-		290	199,543
Inventories	29,135		-		-		-	-			-	29,135
Restricted assets (Note 8)			-	_		_		1,343,567	2,359,636	_	676,142	4,379,345
Total assets	\$ 2,778,400	\$	1,636,671	\$	1,094,877	\$	326,355	\$ 2,748,045	\$ 2,426,599	\$	1,617,180	\$ 12,628,127
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$ 85,591	\$	11,633	\$	5,959	\$	69,473	\$ 1,180,774	\$ 24,013	\$	172,712	
Accrued and other liabilities	192,407		3,631		-		2,036	-	-		4,215	202,289
Due to other governmental units	36,888		-		-		-	-	-		-	36,888
Deferred revenue (Note I)	42,396	-		_		_	14,899	173,355		_	25,887	256,537
Total liabilities	357,282		15,264		5,959		86,408	1,354,129	24,013		202,814	2,045,869
Fund Balances												
Reserved for:												
Inventory and prepaid items	228,388		-		-		-	-	-		-	228,388
Library	51,450		-		-		-	-	-		-	51,450
Cable	324,032		-		-		-	-	-		-	324,032
Public safety	7,869 22,864		-		-		-	-	-		-	7,869 22,864
Community promotion Unreserved and undesignated, reported in:	22,004		-		-		-	-	-		-	22,004
General Fund	1,786,515		_		_		_	_	_		_	1,786,515
Special Revenue Funds	-		1,621,407		1,088,918		239,947	_	_		666,799	3,617,071
Debt Service Funds	-		-		· · ·		· -	-	_		26,745	26,745
Capital Projects Funds			-		-			1,393,916	2,402,586		720,822	4,517,324
Total fund balances	2,421,118		1,621,407		1,088,918		239,947	1,393,916	2,402,586		1,414,366	10,582,258
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,778,400	\$	1,636,671	\$	1,094,877	\$	326,355	\$ 2,748,045	\$ 2,426,599	\$	1,617,180	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	e statement of net	assets	are differen	ıt be	ecause:		_					
Canital assets used in severemental activities												
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds												14,223,816
Revenue related to receivables is recorded in												
the statement of net assets at the time it is earned without regard to timeliness of collection												
												256,537
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds												(14,636,365)
Accrued interest payable is not recorded in the funds												(63,476)
Internal Service Funds are included as part of governmental activities												
Net assets of governmental activities												\$ 10,362,770

## Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Majo	r Special Revenue F	unds	Major Capital	Project Fund		
							Nonmajor	Total
				Solid Waste	Major and Local	Eleven Mile Road	Governmental	Governmental
	General Fund	Major Street Fund	Local Street Fund	Service Fund	Streets Projects	Project	Funds	Funds
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$ 4.895.797	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 907,527	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 396.074	\$ 6,199,398
Licenses and permits	336.806	-		-	-	-	-	336.806
Charges for services	405,796	10,110	_	240,673	_	_	342,040	998,619
Federal grants	10,423	, <u>-</u>	_	´-	_	_	9,263	19,686
State-shared revenues and grants	1,485,676	665.786	239.669	_	_	_	22.832	2,413,963
Fines and forfeitures	955,117	, <u> </u>	´-	_	_		49.531	1.004.648
Investment earnings	155,531	55,499	40,841	19,209	32,049	30,278	39,965	373,372
Franchise fees	194,955	,	-	-	,	,	,	194,955
Other	322,409	8,272	3,516	4,409	18,388	12,756	134,665	504,415
Total revenue	8,762,510	739,667	284,026	1,171,818	50,437	43,034	994,370	12,045,862
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	2,497,257	8,014	10,141	-	-	-	40,116	2,555,528
Public safety	4,094,554	-	-	-	-	-	11,250	4,105,804
Public works	541,264	332,553	306,332	1,086,464	-	-	-	2,266,613
Health and welfare	63,860	-	-	-	-	-	137,798	201,658
Recreation and culture	1,266,472	-	-	-	-	-	205,691	1,472,163
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	31,509	-	-	-	-	-	709,462	740,971
Interest and other fiscal charges	-	_	-	-	_	-	289,918	289,918
Capital outlay					1,281,433	140,364	185,402	1,607,199
Total expenditures	8,494,916	340,567	316,473	1,086,464	1,281,433	140,364	1,579,637	13,239,854
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	267,594	399,100	(32,447)	85,354	(1,230,996)	(97,330)	(585,267)	(1,193,992)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-	2,625,000	2,500,000	850,000	5,975,000
Transfers in (Note 6)	45,000	-	162,000	-	_	-	571,125	778,125
Transfers out (Note 6)	(67,938)	(162,000)			(88)	(84)	(45,028)	(275,138)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(22,938)	(162,000)	162,000		2,624,912	2,499,916	1,376,097	6,477,987
Net Change in Fund Balances	244,656	237,100	129,553	85,354	1,393,916	2,402,586	790,830	5,283,995
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	2,176,462	1,384,307	959,365	154,593			623,536	5,298,263
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 2,421,118	\$ 1,621,407	\$ 1,088,918	\$ 239,947	\$ 1,393,916	\$ 2,402,586	\$ 1,414,366	\$ 10,582,258

## Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

#### ne Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	5,283,995
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:		
Capital outlay expenditures		2,300,418
Depreciation expense		(827,203)
Netbook value of assets disposed of		(57,855)
Revenue reported in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as		
revenue in the governmental funds		182,279
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)		750,959
Bond proceeds are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where is increases long-term debt)		(5,975,000)
Revenue from donated assets is recorded in the statement of activities, but not in the governmental funds		69,965
Accrued interest is recorded on debt when incurred in the statement of activities		12,994
Internal Service Funds are also included as governmental activities		
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	1,740,552

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	Enterprise Funds						vernmental Activities
	\	Vater and		To	tal Enterprise		nd - Fringe
		ewer Fund	Arena Fund	10	Funds		nefits Fund
		ewei ruiiu	Arena Fund		Fullus	bei	ients runu
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	\$	2,060,270	\$ 1,351	\$	2,061,621	\$	923,805
Receivables - Customers		1,957,512	35,236		1,992,748		-
Total current assets		4,017,782	36,587		4,054,369		923,805
Capital assets (Note 5):							
Nondepreciable		13,795	-		13,795		-
Depreciable - Net		2,826,305	406,014		3,232,319		-
Total capital assets		2,840,100	406,014		3,246,114		
Total assets		6,857,882	442,601		7,300,483		923,805
Liabilities							
Current liabilities:							
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7)		-	35,000		35,000		-
Due to other funds (Note 6)		-	27,339		27,339		-
Accounts payable		182,027	1,248		183,275		-
Accrued and other liabilities		102,093	7,782		109,875		
Total current liabilities		284,120	71,369		355,489		-
Long-term debt - Net of current portion (Note 7)		56,189	290,000		346,189		923,805
Total liabilities		340,309	361,369		701,678		923,805
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt		2,840,100	81,014		2,921,114		-
Unrestricted		3,677,473	218		3,677,691		
Total net assets	\$	6,517,573	\$ 81,232	\$	6,598,805	\$	

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Enterprise Funds			
	Water and Total Enterprise		Ü	
	Sewer Fund	Arena Fund	Funds	Benefits Fund
Operating Revenue Charges for services Property and equipment rental Miscellaneous	\$ 3,889,207 21,667 80,022	\$ 472,655 - -	\$ 4,361,862 21,667 80,022	\$ 184,866 - -
Total operating revenue	3,990,896	472,655	4,463,551	184,866
Operating Expenses Arena operations Water and sewer operations Compensated absences Depreciation	- 2,812,157 - 129,942	439,816 - - - 46,173	439,816 2,812,157 - 176,115	- - 216,309 -
Total operating expenses	2,942,099	485,989	3,428,088	216,309
Operating Income (Loss)	1,048,797	(13,334)	1,035,463	(31,443)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses) Investment income Interest expense	84,215 	269 (42,283)	84,484 (42,283)	31,443
Income (Loss) - Before transfers	1,133,012	(55,348)	1,077,664	-
Transfers In (Note 6)	-	10,823	10,823	-
Transfers Out (Note 6)	(513,810)		(513,810)	
Total transfers	(513,810)	10,823	(502,987)	
Change in Net Assets	619,202	(44,525)	574,677	-
Net Assets - Beginning of year, as restated (Note 2)	5,898,371	125,757	6,024,128	
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 6,517,573	\$ 81,232	\$ 6,598,805	<u> - </u>

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Governmental Activities		
		·		Internal Service Fund -
	Water and		Total Enterprise	Fringe Benefits
	Sewer Fund	Arena Fund	Funds	Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 3,899,497 (2,497,727) (214,276)	(279,481)	\$ 4,364,794 (2,777,208) (370,966)	· -
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,187,494	29,126	1,216,620	5,025
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets Cash paid to other funds for repayment of capital debt	(514,661) (498,810)	,	(546,576) (566,480)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,013,471)	(99,585)	(1,113,056)	-
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Cash received from other funds Cash paid to other funds	(15,000)	38,162	38,162 (15,000)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(15,000)	38,162	23,162	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest received on investments	84,215	269	84,484	31,443
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	243,238	(32,028)	211,210	36,468
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year	1,817,032	33,379	1,850,411	887,337
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$ 2,060,270	\$ 1,351	\$ 2,061,621	\$ 923,805
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash from Operating Activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from	\$ 1,048,797	\$ (13,334)	\$ 1,035,463	\$ (31,443)
operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization  Changes in assets and liabilities:	129,942	46,173	176,115	-
Receivables	(91,399)	(7,358)	(98,757)	
Prepaids Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities	- (34,519) 134,673	- 476 3,169	- (34,043) 137,842	2,616 - 33,852
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,187,494	\$ 29,126	\$ 1,216,620	\$ 5,025

**Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities** - During the year ended June 30, 2006, there were no noncash investing, capital, or financing activities.

# Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

Pension and Other				
Employee Benefits				
Trust Fund - Public				
Sa	fety Pension	Agency Funds		
\$	1.163.130	\$	260,263	
•	, ,	•	,	
	706,110		-	
	10,596,687		-	
	4,055,446		-	
	548,106		-	
	455,566		-	
	43,612			
	17,568,657	\$	260,263	
	_		237,139	
		-	23,124	
		\$	260,263	
\$	17,568,657			
	Emp Trus Sa \$	Employee Benefits Trust Fund - Public Safety Pension  \$ 1,163,130  706,110 10,596,687 4,055,446 548,106 455,566 43,612  17,568,657	Employee Benefits Trust Fund - Public Safety Pension  \$ 1,163,130 \$  706,110 10,596,687 4,055,446 548,106 455,566 43,612  17,568,657 \$	

## Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Net Assets Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Fund - Public Safety Pension Year Ended June 30, 2006

Additions	
Investment income:	
Interest and dividends	\$ 374,270
Net increase in fair value of investments	1,078,399
Less investment expenses	(151,565)
Net investment income	1,301,104
Contributions	
Employer	377,256
Employee	5,322
Total additions	1,683,682
Deductions	
Benefit payments	963,385
Administrative expenses	608
Total deductions	963,993
Net Increase	719,689
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee	
Benefits	14.040.040
Beginning of year	16,848,968
End of year	\$ 17,568,657

# Component Units Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	Dev	owntown velopment uthority
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$	378,248
Taxes receivable		13,817
Total assets		392,065
Liabilities - Accounts payable		23,466
Net Assets - Unrestricted	\$	368,599

# Component Units Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2006

	E	креnses	Program R Operating Contribu	Grants/	Re	t (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Assets
Downtown Development Authority - Community and economic development	<u>\$</u>	184,732	\$		\$	(184,732)
	Pro Uni	ral Revenue operty taxes restricted in ner income		rnings		183,771 17,391 1,383
	Chang	Total gene	eral revenues ssets	S		202,545 17,813
		, . <b>ssets</b> - Begii		r		350,786
	Net A	ssets - End	of year		\$	368,599

#### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies of the City of Berkley, Michigan (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Berkley, Michigan:

#### **Reporting Entity**

The City of Berkley, Michigan is governed by an elected seven-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City (see discussion below for description).

**Blended Component Unit** - The City of Berkley's Building Authority is governed by a three-member board that is appointed by the City's council. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to acquire, furnish, equip, own, improve, enlarge, operate, and maintain the ice arena and horseshoe pit for the use or benefit of the City.

**Discretely Presented Component Unit** - The Downtown Development Authority was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The Authority's governing body, which consists of 10 individuals, is selected by the City Council. In addition, the Authority's budget is subject to approval by the City Council. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the City of Berkley at 3338 Coolidge, Berkley, Michigan 48072.

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the discretely presented component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund, fiduciary fund, and component unit financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, receivables have been recorded along with a "deferred revenue" liability for property taxes that are collected after the period of availability.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Major Street Fund** - The Major Street Fund accounts for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenues that are restricted for use on major streets.

**Local Street Fund** - The Local Street Fund accounts for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenues that are restricted for use on local streets.

**Solid Waste Service Fund** - The Solid Waste Service Fund accounts for the collection and disposal of household waste, recyclables, and yard waste. The fund is financed by a special tax levy.

**Major and Local Street Projects Fund** - The Major and Local Street Projects Fund accounts for the construction, maintenance, and improvement of several construction projects beginning in the year ended June 30, 2006. The fund is financed by a general obligation bond.

**Eleven Mile Road Project Fund** - The Eleven Mile Road Project Fund accounts for the construction, maintenance, and improvement of Eleven Mile Road. The fund is financed by a general obligation bond.

The City reports the following major Enterprise Funds:

**Water and Sewer Fund** - The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the water distribution and sewage collection systems.

**Arena Fund** - The Arena Fund accounts for all activities of the city ice arena.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

**Internal Service Fund** - The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of the City's liability for employee compensated absences.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Fund** - The Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the public safety employees' retirement system, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

**Agency Fund** - The Agency Fund accounts for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, organizations, or other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Private sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City has elected not to follow private sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the proprietary funds relates to charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the City of Berkley's policy is to first apply restricted resources.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Property Tax Revenue**

Property taxes are levied on each July I on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March I of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The City of Berkley's 2005 tax is levied and collectible on July 1, 2005 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2006, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

The 2005 taxable valuation of the City of Berkley totaled \$478,832,000 (a portion of which is captured by the DDA), on which taxes levied consisted of 8.3410 mills for operating and public safety purposes, 1.9246 mills for sanitation services, 0.1044 mills for community promotion, 1.4150 mills for public safety pension, and 0.8400 mills for debt service. This resulted in approximately \$3,969,000 for operating and public safety, \$908,000 for sanitation, \$49,000 for community promotion, \$667,000 for public safety pension, and \$396,000 for debt service. These amounts are recognized in the respective General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds financial statements as tax revenue.

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

**Bank Deposits and Investments** - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment income from all funds is generally allocated to each fund using a weighted average.

**Inventories and Prepaid Items** - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Capital Assets** - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Deferred Revenue** - Deferred revenue is recorded in the governmental funds in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Infrastructure	25 to 84 years
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings	15 to 50 years
Building improvements	7 to 20 years
Equipment and books	3 to 15 years
Vehicles	5 to 10 years

Compensated Absences (Annual and Sick Leave) - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and annual leave pay. All annual leave and sick pay related to governmental activities and the ice arena are accrued when incurred in the Internal Service Fund. Annual leave and sick pay related to the Water and Sewer Fund is accrued when incurred in the Water and Sewer Fund.

**Long-term Obligations** - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

**Fund Equity** - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **Note 2 - Prior Period Adjustment**

In prior years, the City did not timely recognize revenue for certain water and sewer billings. As a result of this change, net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund and of the business-type activities were increased by \$279,318. Had this error not been made, the prior year change in net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund and the business-type activities would have been higher by \$1,626.

# Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability Construction Code Fees

#### **Budgetary Information**

The City is subject to the budgetary control requirements of the Uniform Budgeting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended). The annual budget is prepared by the city manager and adopted by the City Council; subsequent amendments are approved by the City Council. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2006 has not been calculated.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except that transfers have been included in the revenue and expenditures categories, rather than as other financing sources (uses) and the employer contributions to the Public Safety Pension Fund have been included in the transfers out category, rather than as public safety expenditures. The budgetary comparison schedules (General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds) are presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget.

The budget has been adopted on an activity basis; expenditures at this level in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. A comparison of actual results as adopted by the City Council is included in the required supplemental information.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

# Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability Construction Code Fees (Continued)

**Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds** - During the year, the City incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amount budgeted as follows:

	 Budget		Actual
General Fund:			
General government:			
Insurance	\$ 330,020	\$	337,649
Employee benefits	100,000		184,866
Public safety:			
Administration	158,809		161, <del>4</del> 29
Operations	2,795,774		2,859,624
Pension administration	344,297		351,843
Public works:			
Garage	84,564		89,156
Street programs	136,004		147,761
Recreation and culture - WBRK	95,790		97,964

# Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability Construction Code Fees (Continued)

**Construction Code Fees** - The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative shortfall generated since January I, 2000 is as follows:

Cumulative shortfall - July 1, 2005		\$ (50,801)
Current year building permit revenue		179,527
Related expenses: Direct costs Estimated indirect costs	\$ (231,092) (23,109)	(254,201)
Current year shortfall		 (74,674)
Cumulative shortfall - June 30, 2006		\$ (125,475)

## **Note 4 - Deposits and Investments**

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

### Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Pension Trust Fund is also authorized by Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

The City has designated two banks for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the City Council in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in accordance with Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended. The City's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

The City's deposits and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the City had \$15,929,651 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

**Interest Rate Risk** - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. At year end, the average maturities of the Public Safety Pension fixed income investments are as follows:

		Weighted
		Average
Investment	Fair Value	Maturity
Corporate bonds	\$ 4,055,446	I5.16 years
U.S. treasury bonds	548,106	5.79 years
Government agency securities	455,566	3.08 years

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

## Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

**Credit Risk** - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of Public Safety Pension debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	F	air Value	Rating	Rating Organization
Corporate bonds	\$	303,748	Α	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds		904,045	A+	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds		416,324	Α-	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds		83,030	AA	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds		306,621	AA-	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds		77,766	AAA	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds		301,158	BB+	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds		480,531	BBB	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds		379,555	BBB+	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds		619,057	BBB-	Standard & Poor's
Corporate bonds		183,610	Not Rated	Standard & Poor's
Government agency securities		455,566	AAA	Standard & Poor's

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

# **Note 5 - Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

	Balance				Dis	sposals and	Balance		
Governmental Activities	Ju	ıly 1, 2005		Additions	Ac	ljustments	June 30, 2006		
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	219,974	\$	_	\$	_	\$	219,974	
Construction in process		621,597	_	1,432,839	_	621,597	_	1,432,839	
Subtotal		841,571		1,432,839		621,597		1,652,813	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Infrastructure		49,083,571		705,803		-		49,789,374	
Buildings		6,111,498		53,900		-		6,165,398	
Equipment and books		1,484,429		258,677		83,681		1,659,425	
Vehicles		1,408,854	_	540,761		190,043		1,759,572	
Subtotal		58,088,352		1,559,141		273,724		59,373,769	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Infrastructure		40,731,162		146,468		-		40,877,630	
Buildings		3,524,454		110,328		-		3,634,782	
Equipment and books		989,668		155,945		83,681		1,061,932	
Vehicles		946,148	_	414,462		132,188	_	1,228,422	
Total accumulated depreciation		46,191,432	_	827,203		215,869		46,802,766	
Net capital assets being depreciated		11,896,920	_	731,938		57,855		12,571,003	
Net capital assets	\$	12,738,491	\$	2,164,777	\$	679,452	\$	14,223,816	

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

# Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

		Balance			Disposals and		Balance	
Business-type Activities	July 1, 2005			Additions	Adjustments	June 30, 2006		
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$	13,795	\$	-	\$ -	\$	13,795	
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Infrastructure		3,409,700		502,065	-		3,911,765	
Land improvements		36,474		-	-		36,474	
Buildings		958,924		-	-		958,924	
Building improvements		167,092		-	-		167,092	
Equipment		1,097,702		44,511	94,964		1,047,249	
Subtotal		5,669,892		546,576	94,964		6,121,504	
Accumulated depreciation:								
Infrastructure		1,218,267		74,901	-		1,293,168	
Land improvements		36,474		-	-		36,474	
Buildings		578,375		40,183	-		618,558	
Building improvements		115,336		7,065	-		122,401	
Equipment		859,582	_	53,966	94,964		818,584	
Total accumulated depreciation		2,808,034		176,115	94,964		2,889,185	
Net capital assets being depreciated		2,861,858	_	370,461		_	3,232,319	
Net capital assets	\$	2,875,653	\$	370,461	<u> - </u>	\$	3,246,114	

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

#### Governmental activities:

General government	\$	60,999
Public safety		413,318
Public works		198,550
Recreation and culture		154,336
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	827,203
Business-type activities:		
Water and sewer	\$	129,942
Arena		46,173
Total business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	176,115

**Construction Commitments** - The City has active road construction projects at year end related to the \$5,975,000 City of Berkley, Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006 bond issue.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

#### Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

The City of Berkley has entered into various agreements and joint ventures to repair, rehabilitate, and replace roads and sidewalks throughout the City. The committed contractual work is as follows as of June 30, 2006:

#### **Major Street Work**

Major street work includes Catalpa Drive from Greenfield to Woodward and Coolidge Highway from Eleven Mile Road to Twelve Mile Road. The Catalpa rehabilitation work includes asphalt repaving, drainage work, and street remarking. Coolidge Highway rehabilitation work includes asphalt repaving, curb replacement/repair and sidewalk replacement, drainage replacement, and street marking.

#### **Local Street Work**

Local street work includes various local street repairs throughout the City. A street listing can be obtained from the city manager's office or the Department of Public Works of the City of Berkley. Work includes removing pavement, adjusting and reconstructing structures, concrete pavement with curbs and gutters, drainage, sidewalk ramps, and street marking.

#### **Eleven Mile Road Work**

This project is being done as a joint venture with the Cities of Huntington Woods and Oak Park. Phase I will be road reconstruction and replacement from Greenfield Road to Coolidge Highway. Phase II will be road reconstruction and replacement from Coolidge Highway to Woodward Avenue. The work on Eleven Mile Road will also include a total water main replacement for the City of Berkley. Federal and state funding is also being utilized to defray the costs of this project with the City of Berkley's share of funding and cost amounting to 44 percent of the total project. The City of Oak Park is the lead agency for this project. The City of Oak Park processes all payment requests, bills the appropriate funding agencies, and makes all payments to contractors/vendors. Berkley pays their share of the project costs directly to the City of Oak Park.

#### Twelve Mile Road Work

Twelve Mile Road rehabilitation will be from Tyler Avenue to Kenmore Avenue. Twelve Mile Road rehabilitation includes removing pavement, trees, and drainage structures and providing for a new asphalt road with concrete base pavement, new drainage, sidewalks, and street markings. New lighting, planter boxes, irrigation, and other streetscape items were also introduced to this area.

#### Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

A special assessment district was formed by the City to defray the cost of sidewalk reconstruction in the area. The total cost is \$118,504, with the initial funding coming from the City's General Fund, with the funds being reimbursed by the Special Assessment District to the General Fund over five years at a simple interest rate of 5 percent on any unpaid balance starting in January 2007. This cost is not reflected in the table illustrated below.

#### **Webster Road**

The Webster Road rehabilitation project is being done in conjunction with the City of Royal Oak. In accordance with an approved contract between the City of Berkley and the City of Royal Oak, the City of Berkley pays all costs and the City of Royal Oak reimburses the City of Berkley for said costs incurred on the Royal Oak side of Webster Avenue. Approximately \$178,400 is due the City of Berkley for Royal Oak's share of the Webster Road project at June 30, 2006. Work to be done includes removing pavement, reconstructing the structure as required, concrete replacement sidewalk ramps, and street markings where applicable.

Approximately one month's work was completed at June 30, 2006 for all road projects. Total construction payments for all road projects amounted to \$1,573,190 through June 30, 2006.

Contracts were bid and awarded in May 2006 with the exception of the Eleven Mile Road project. The bids will not be received until December 2006 or January 2007. The commitments for repair and replacement including engineering (15 percent) and contingency (10 percent) through June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Municipality	Ma	jor Streets	Lo	cal Streets	W	ebster	El	even Mile	Tv	velve Mile
Berkley Royal Oak	\$	1,834,900	\$	1,499,026	\$	311,254 232,592	\$	3,027,996	\$	1,029,861
Total commitments		1,834,900		1,499,026		543,846		3,027,996		1,029,861
Spent to date		(611,287)		(242,756)	_	(403,05 I)	_	(117,942)		(173,858)
Remaining commitment	\$	1,223,613	\$	2,256,270	\$	140,795	\$	2,910,054	\$	856,003

The Eleven Mile Road cost is for actual preliminary engineering that has been paid through June 30, 2006. It is estimated that Berkley's share of the Eleven Mile Road project will be \$6,577,000 once the project is complete. Water main costs are not reflected in the Eleven Mile Road totals as of June 30, 2006 due to cost and cost sharing being undeterminable at June 30, 2006.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

#### **Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)**

In addition, the City has committed to participating in two additional series of the George W. Kuhn Bonds which are anticipated to occur in the year ended June 30, 2007 in the total amount of \$834,183.

#### Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General Fund	Ice Arena Fund	\$	27,339

Interfund balances represent routine and temporary cash flow assistance until funds are transferred from cash accounts.

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are comprised of the following:

Fund Providing Resources	Fund Receiving Resources	 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 57,115
General Fund	Arena Fund	10,823
Major Streets Fund	Local Streets Fund	162,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	45,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	200
Water and Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 513,810
	Total	\$ 788,948

The transfer from the Major Streets Fund to the Local Streets Fund represents the sharing of gas and weight tax revenues in accordance with Act 51; the transfer from the Water and Sewer Fund to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds is to pay debt service on Kuhn bond drains and other operating expenses.

# Note 7 - Long-term Debt

The City of Berkley issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the City.

# **Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges		Beginning Balance		Additions	(I	Reductions)	Ending Balance	Due	Within One Year
Governmental Activities											
1995 Energy Conservation Project											
Amount of issue: \$584,000 Maturing through 2011	5.95%	\$33,625 - \$77,802	\$	274,041	\$	-	\$	(33,625)	\$ 240,416	\$	33,625
1996 General Obligation Library Bonds											
Amount of issue: \$2,650,000	4.50% -	\$350,000 -									
Maturing through 2007	4.70%	\$400,000		775,000		-		(375,000)	400,000		400,000
2006 General Obligation 12 Mile Road Bonds											
Amount of issue: \$850,000	3.90% -	\$50,000 -									
Maturing through 2016	4.25%	\$150,000		-		850,000		-	850,000		-
2006 General Obligation 11 Mile Road Bonds											
Amount of issue: \$2,500,000	3.90% -	\$100,000									
Maturing through 2021	4.25%	\$300,000		-		2,500,000		-	2,500,000		-
2006 General Obligation Other Roads Bonds											
Amount of issue: \$2,625,000	3.90% -	\$200,000									
Maturing through 2016	4.25%	\$375,000		-		2,625,000		-	2,625,000		-
Contractual obligations with Oakland County - George W. Kuhn Bonds: 2000-A Amount of issue: \$1,126,053	2.50%	\$47,549 -									
Maturing through 2022 2000-B		\$70,354		990,649		-		(47,549)	943,100		48,808
Amount of issue: \$413,768	4.78% -	\$14,170 -									
Maturing through 2022 2001-C	5.38%	\$31,173		374,406		-		(14,170)	360,236		15,745
Amount of issue: \$5,176,822	2.50%	\$207,829 -									
Maturing through 2024 2001-D		\$324,025		4,974,032		-		(207,829)	4,766,203		212,867
Amount of issue: \$199,641	2.50%	\$7,872 -									
Maturing through 2024 2001-E		\$12,596		199,641		-		(15,744)	183,897		8,187
Amount of issue: \$621,597	4.10% -	\$22,042 -									
Maturing through 2024	5.25%	\$45,346		599,555		-		(22,042)	577,513		22,042
2002 Installment Purchase Agreement											
Amount of issue: \$1,260,000	5.20%	\$5,200 -									
Maturing through 2016		\$31,850	_	1,225,000	_	-	_	(35,000)	1,190,000		50,000
Total bond obligations				9,412,324		5,975,000		(750,959)	14,636,365		791,274
Other long-term obligations -											
Compensated absences			_	889,953	_	33,852			923,805	-	
Total governmental activities			\$	10,302,277	\$	6,008,852	\$	(750,959)	\$ 15,560,170	\$	791,274
Business-type Activities											
General Obligation Bond:											
1993 Building Authority Bonds											
Amount of issue: \$600,000	2.80% -	\$30,000 -									
Maturing through 2024	2.90%	\$50,000	\$	355,000	\$	-	\$	(30,000)	\$ 325,000	\$	35,000
Other long-term obligations -											
Compensated absences			_			56,189			56,189		
Total business activities			\$	355,000	\$	56,189	\$	(30,000)	\$ 381,189	\$	35,000

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

#### **Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

		Gov	/ern	mental Activ	s	Business-type activities							
		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal	Interest			Total	
2007	\$	791,274	\$	505,645	\$	1,296,919	\$	35,000	\$	17,507	\$	52,507	
2008		749,462		496,416		1,245,878		35,000		15,600		50,600	
2009		807,648		467,649		1,275,297		35,000		13,658		48,658	
2010		987,381		435,742		1,423,123		40,000		11,538		51,538	
2011		916,973		394,376		1,311,349		40,000		9,248		49,248	
2012-2016		5,756,603		1,365,281		7,121,884		140,000		12,459		152,459	
2017-2021		3,408,078		490,427		3,898,505		-		-		-	
2022-2025	_	1,218,946	_	61,208	_	1,280,154	_						
Total	\$	14,636,365	\$	4,216,744	\$	18,853,109	\$	325,000	\$	80,010	\$	405,010	

#### **Note 8 - Restricted Assets**

Restricted assets at June 30, 2006 consist entirely of cash and cash equivalents related to unspent bond proceeds.

## **Note 9 - Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for health and workers' compensation claims and participates in the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool for claims related to property liability and errors and omissions. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

#### **Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

#### **General Employees Pension**

Plan Description - The City participates in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all employees in the City's merit system and all employees of the Department of Public Works. The system provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the system at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, MI 48917.

**Funding Policy** - The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the City's competitive bargaining units and requires a contribution from the Merit employees of 4 percent and no contribution from Department of Public Works employees.

Annual Pension Cost - For the year ended June 30, 2006, the City's annual pension cost of \$374,454 for the plan was equal to the City's required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2003, using the entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) an 8.0 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent per year, compounded annually and attributable to inflation, and (c) additional projected salary increases of up to 4.16 percent per year, depending on service and attributable to seniority/merit. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period is 10 years.

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
	2006 2005					2004					
Annual pension cost (APC)	\$	374,454	\$	416,662	\$	284,375					
Percentage of APC contributed		100		100		100					
Net pension obligation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

#### **Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)**

	Actuarial Valuation as of December 31										
	2005			2004		2003					
Actuarial value of assets Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	14,449,996	\$	14,180,194	\$	13,969,155					
(entry age)	\$	17,324,667	\$	17,465,052	\$	16,746,763					
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	\$	2,874,671	\$	3,284,858	\$	2,777,608					
Funded ratio		83		81		83					
Covered payroll	\$	2,252,412	\$	2,261,456	\$	2,007,763					
UAAL as a percentage of											
covered payroll		128		145		138					

#### **Public Safety Pension Trust**

**Plan Description** - The City of Berkley's Public Safety Pension is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit plan that covers all public safety employees of the City. The system provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. At June 30, 2005, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, membership consisted of 33 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and 28 current active employees. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

**Funding Policy** - Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Please refer to Note I for further significant accounting policies. The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the City's competitive bargaining units. The funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates and does not require employee contributions. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

#### Note 10 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost - For the year ended June 30, 2006, the City's annual pension cost of \$377,256 for the plan was equal to the City's required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at June 30, 2005, using the entry age actuarial cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a 7.5 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 5 percent to 9 percent per year, and (c) no cost of living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 5 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis for police and fire employees. The remaining amortization period is 20 years.

**Reserves** - As of June 30, 2006, the plan's legally required reserves have been fully funded as follows:

Reserved for employees' contributions Reserved for retired benefit payments \$ 1,157,865 8,214,472

#### **Three-year Trend Information**

	Fiscal Year ended June 30										
		2006		2005		2004					
Annual pension cost (APC)	\$	377,256	\$	292,265	\$	_					
Percentage of APC contributed		100%		100%		100%					
Net pension obligation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-					

# **Note II - Other Postemployment Benefits**

The City has elected to provide postemployment health benefits to certain retirees and their beneficiaries in accordance with labor contracts. The government pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits. Also, retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the City's group rates. Currently, 83 retirees are eligible for postemployment health benefits. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees in its insured health care plan, with no contribution required by the participants. The City purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, the City made payments for postemployment health benefit premiums of \$717,231. The government obtains health care coverage through private insurers.

#### **Note II - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)**

**Upcoming Reporting Change** - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new rules will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2009.

#### **Note 12 - Joint Ventures**

#### **Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority**

The City is a member of the Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority (the "Water Authority"), which provides a water supply system serving 11 member municipalities in Oakland County. The City appoints one member of the joint venture's governing board, which approves the annual budget. The participating communities provide funding for its operations. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City expensed \$578,251 of payments made to the Water Authority. The City has no explicit and measurable equity interest in the joint venture. The Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority's operations are financially independent of the City. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional financial benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. The Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority has a debt issue with a total balance outstanding as of June 30, 2006 of \$6,130,000, of which the City has guaranteed \$274,011. Complete financial statements of the Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices at 3910 Webster Road, Royal Oak, MI 48073.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2006

#### **Note 12 - Joint Ventures (Continued)**

#### Southeastern Oakland County Resource Recovery Authority

The City is a member of the Southeastern Oakland County Resource Recovery Authority (the "Resource Recovery Authority"), which collects, processes, and disposes of the municipal solid waste, yard waste, and recyclables accumulated within the City. The Resource Recovery Authority provides services to 12 member municipalities in Oakland County. The City appoints one member of the joint venture's governing board, which approves the annual budget. The participating communities provide funding for its operations. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City expensed \$241,381 of payments made to the Resource Recovery Authority. The City has no explicit and measurable equity interest in the joint The Southeastern Oakland County Resource Recovery Authority's venture. operations are financially independent of the City. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional financial benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements of the Southeastern Oakland Resource Recovery Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices at 3910 W. Webster Road, Royal Oak, MI 48073.



# Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Original		Amended			Variar	nce with
		Budget		Budget		Actual	Amend	ed Budget
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	4,877,266	\$	4,877,266	\$	4,895,797	\$	18,531
Licenses and permits		304,000		327,640		336,806		9,166
Charges for services		374,748		388,748		405,796		17,048
Federal grants		8,000		8,000		10,423		2,423
State-shared revenues and grants		1,508,006		1,486,385		1, <del>4</del> 85,676		(709)
Fines and forfeitures		844,500		965,177		955,117		(10,060)
Investment earnings		60,000		128,300		155,531		27,231
Franchise fees		140,000		194,900		194,955		55
Other		84,740		323,429		322,409		(1,020)
Transfers in		45,000	_	45,000	_	45,000		
Total revenue		8,246,260		8,744,845		8,807,510		62,665
Expenditures								
General government:								
City Council		7,900		7,900		5,960		1,940
District court		587,493		639,572		632,957		6,615
Manager		158,577		181,880		180,735		1,145
Elections		108,568		108,890		106,757		2,133
Finance		299,105		308,217		300,508		7,709
Legal		69,100		89,100		86,814		2,286
Clerk/Treasurer		123,198		132,418		112,809		19,609
City hall		182,510		251,378		248,473		2,905
Planning		60,044		67,744		44,994		22,750
Inspection		221,952		232,694		231,092		1,602
Insurance		445,220		330,020		337,649		(7,629)
Community promotion		49,450		49,450		23,643		25,807
Employee benefits	_	100,000	_	100,000	_	184,866		(84,866)
Total general government		2,413,117		2,499,263		2,497,257		2,006

# Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2006

	C	Priginal	,	Amended			Vai	riance with
	E	Budget		Budget		Actual	Ame	nded Budget
Expenditures (Continued)								
Public safety:								
Administration	\$	144,350	\$	158,809	\$	161,429	\$	(2,620)
Service aides		270,264		270,264		269,792		472
Operations		2,647,118		2,795,774		2,859,624		(63,850)
Pension administration		344,297		344,297		351,843		(7,546)
Animal control		61,923	_	75,429	_	74,610		<u>819</u>
Total public safety	:	3,467,952		3,644,573		3,717,298		(72,725)
Public works:								
Operations		191,336		331,534		304,347		27,187
Garage		84,474		84,564		89,156		(4,592)
Street programs		133,000	_	136,004		147,761		(11,757)
Total public works		408,810		552,102		541,264		10,838
Health and welfare -								
Communty development		55,839		71,931		63,860		8,071
Recreation and culture:								
Recreation		430,837		445,259		437,652		7,607
Library		620,536		659,071		652, <del>44</del> 8		6,623
WBRK		93,089		95,790		97,964		(2,174)
Communications coordinator		76,604	_	82,224	_	78,408		3,816
Total recreation and culture		1,221,066		1,282,344		1,266,472		15,872
Debt service - Principal retirement		31,509		31,509		31,509		_
Transfers to other funds		441,756		468,083		445,194		22,889
				· ·	_			
Total expenditures		8,040,049	_	8,549,806	_	8,562,854		(13,048)
<b>Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures</b>		206,211		195,039		244,656		49,617
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	:	2,176,462		2,176,462		2,176,462		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 2	,382,673	\$	2,371,501	\$	2,421,118	\$	49,617

# Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2006

## **Major Street Fund**

							Va	riance with
		Original		Amended			1	Amended
	_	Budget		Budget		Actual		Budget
Revenue								
Charges for services	\$	8,414	\$	8,414	\$	10,110	\$	1,696
State-shared revenues and grants		706,034		706,034		665,786		(40,248)
Investment earnings		14,000		14,000		55,499		41,499
Other		4,000	_	4,000	_	8,272		4,272
Total revenue		732,448		732,448		739,667		7,219
Expenditures								
Finance		13,780		13,780		8,014		5,766
Operations		423,670		423,849		332,553		91,296
Transfers to other funds	_	162,000		162,000		162,000		-
Total expenditures	_	599,449		599,629		502,567		97,062
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures		132,999		132,819		237,100		104,281
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		1,384,307		1,384,307		1,384,307		
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	1,517,306	\$	1,517,126	\$	1,621,407	\$	104,281

# Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2006

## **Local Street Fund**

		Original		Amended			\	ariance with
		Budget		Budget		Actual	An	nended Budget
Revenue								
State-shared revenues and grants	\$	253,939	\$	253,939	\$	239,669	\$	(14,270)
Investment earnings	·	10,000	Ċ	10,000	·	40,841	•	30,841
Other		9,000		9,000		3,516		(5,484)
Transfers in	_	162,000		162,000		162,000		
Total revenue		434,939		434,939		446,026		11,087
Expenditures								
Finance		13,482		15,757		10,141		5,616
Operations		354,489	_	375,044	_	306,332		68,712
Total expenditures		367,971		390,801		316,473		74,328
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures		66,968		44,138		129,553		85,415
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	959,365		959,365		959,365		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	1,026,333	\$	1,003,503	\$	1,088,918	\$	85,415

# **Solid Waste Service Fund**

		Original	A	Amended			ariance with
		Budget		Budget	 Actual	Am	ended Budget
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$	912,031	\$	912,031	\$ 907,527	\$	(4,504)
Charges for services		241,840		241,840	240,673		(1,167)
Investment earnings		5,000		5,000	19,209		14,209
Other	_	2,000		2,000	 4,409		2,409
Total revenue		1,160,871		1,160,871	1,171,818		10,947
Expenditures - Public works	_	1,142,898		1,162,948	 1,086,464		76,484
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		17,973		(2,077)	85,354		23,998
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		154,593		154,593	 154,593		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	172,566	\$	152,516	\$ 239,947	\$	23,998

# Required Supplemental Information Pension System Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions June 30, 2006

The schedule of funding progress is as follows:

## **Public Safety Pension Trust**

		Actuarial				
	Actuarial	Accrued				
	Value of	Liability	Unfunded		Covered	
Actuarial	Assets	(AAL)	AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	UAAL as a
Valuation	(in millions)	(in millions)	(in millions)	(percent)	(in millions)	Percentage of
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	Covered Payroll
6/30/2000	\$ 21.1	\$ 14.1	\$ (7.0)	149.6	\$ 1.7	-
6/30/2001	22.1	15.1	(7.0)	146.4	1.6	-
6/30/2002	21.4	16.4	(5.0)	130.5	1.7	-
6/30/2003	18.8	16.6	(2.2)	113.3	1.6	-
6/30/2004	18.5	17.3	(1.2)	106.9	1.7	-
6/30/2005	18.1	17.8	(0.3)	101.7	1.7	-

The schedule of employer contributions is as follows:

Contributed		
Contributed		
100.0		
100.0		
100.0		
100.0		
100.0		
100.0		

Additional information as of June 30, 2005, the latest actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial cost method	- Entry age
Amortization method	- Level percent of payroll
Amortization period	- 20 years
Asset valuation method	- 4-year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	- 7.5 percent
Projected salary increases*	- 5.0 percent to 9.0 percent
*Includes inflation at	- 5.0 percent
Cost of living adjustments	- None

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated.



	Special Revenue Funds											 Capitol Project			
	Dev	ommunity velopment ock Grant	F	Drug orfeiture Fund		ecreation		Seniors' ogram Fund		trict Court Iding Fund	Lo	ss Reserve Fund	. Mile Road d Coolidge	Roa	elve Mile ad Special sessment
Assets															
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables - Other governmental units Receivables - Taxes Prepaid costs	\$	9,278 30,221 - -	\$	69,502 - - -	\$	341,267 - - 290	\$	151,950 - - -	\$	67,103 - - -	\$	37,849 - - -	\$ 99,516 - - -	\$	7,845 - - -
Restricted assets		-								-		-	 -		
Total assets	\$	39,499	\$	69,502	\$	341,557	\$	151,950	\$	67,103	\$	37,849	\$ 99,516	\$	7,845
Liabilities and Fund Balances															
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Deferred revenue	\$	9,263 - 20,958	\$	- - -	\$	1,050 3,274 4,500	\$	475 941 200	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 69,218 - -	\$	7,843 - -
Total liabilities		30,221		-		8,824		1,616		-		-	69,218		7,843
Fund Balance - Unreserved		9,278	_	69,502	_	332,733	_	150,334	_	67,103	_	37,849	 30,298	_	2
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	39,499	\$	69,502	\$	341,557	\$	151,950	\$	67,103	\$	37,849	\$ 99,516	<u>\$</u>	7,845

# Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

Fun	ds								Debt Sei	vice F	unds								
			General										ijor and						
		ОЬ	ligation	1996	General	Ge	orge Kuhn		2002	В	uilding	Loca	al Streets	Elev	en Mile	Twe	lve Mile	Tot	tal Nonmajor
T۱	welve Mile	Ref	unding	Ob	ligation		Orainage	In	stallment	Auth	ority Debt	Proje	ects Debt	Road	l Project	Road	Project	Go	overnmental
Ro	ad Project	В	onds	Libra	ry Bonds		Bonds		Loan	S	ervice	S	ervice	Deb	t Service	Debt	Service		Funds
\$	99,243	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26,745	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	910,298
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		30,221
	-		-		229		-		-		-		-		-		-		229
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		290
_	676,142					_			-									_	676,142
<u>\$</u>	775,385	\$		\$	229	\$	26,745	\$	-	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	1,617,180
\$	84,863	¢		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	172,712
Ф	04,003	Ф	-	Ф	-	Э	-	Э	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Þ	-	Ф	4,215
	<u> </u>				229		<u> </u>		-				<u>-</u>						25,887
	84,863		_		229		_		_		_		_		_		_		202,814
	690,522		_		_		26,745		_		_		_		_		_		1,414,366
_	2: 3,022					_		_										_	.,,
\$	775,385	\$	_	\$	229	\$	26,745	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,617,180

			Special Rev	enue Funds			Capital	Project
	Community Development Block Grant	Drug Forfeiture Fund	Recreation Revolving Fund	Seniors' Program Fund	District Court Building Fund	Loss Reserve Fund	12 Mile Road and Coolidge	Twelve Mile Road Special Assessment
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-	273,641	68,399	-	-	-	-
State-shared revenue and grants	-	-	-	22,832	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	36,372			13,159	-		-
Investment earnings	301	2,405	13,724	5,973	1,429	695	3,713	-
Other				8,776		22,363		
Total revenue	9,564	38,777	287,365	105,980	14,588	23,058	3,713	-
Expenditures Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-	-	40,116	-	-
Public safety	-	11,250	-	-	-	· -	-	-
Health and welfare	33,503	-	-	104,295	-	_	-	-
Recreation and culture	-	-	205,691	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay							826	10,718
Total expenditures	33,503	11,250	205,691	104,295		40,116	826	10,718
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(23,939)	27,527	81,674	1,685	14,588	(17,058)	2,887	(10,718)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								· · ·
Bond proceeds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	-	-	_	-	_	54,907	_	10,720
Transfers out			(45,000)					
Total other financing								
sources (uses)			(45,000)			54,907		10,720
Net Change in Fund Balances	(23,939)	27,527	36,674	1,685	14,588	37,849	2,887	2
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	33,217	41,975	296,059	148,649	52,515		27,411	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 9,278	\$ 69,502	\$ 332,733	\$ 150,334	\$ 67,103	\$ 37,849	\$ 30,298	\$ 2

# Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2006

Funds				Debt Ser	vice Funds				_
	1993 General					Major and			
	Obligation	1996 General	George Kuhn	2002	Building	Local Street	Eleven Mile	Twelve Mile	Total Nonmajor
Twelve Mile	Refunding	Obligation	Drainage	Installment	Authority Debt	Projects Debt	Road Project	Road Project	Governmental
Road Project	Bonds	Library Bonds	Bonds	Purchase	Service	Service	Debt Service	Debt Service	Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 396,074	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 396,074
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	342,040
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,832
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,531
10,070	-	-	1,655	-	-	-	-	-	39,965
4,338		488		98,700					134,665
14,408	-	396,562	1,655	98,700	-	-	-	-	994,370
_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	40,116
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,250
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	137,798
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	205,691
-	-	403,050	497,430	98,700	-	88	84	28	999,380
173,858									185,402
173,858		403,050	497,430	98,700		88	84	28	1,579,637
(159,450)	-	(6,488)	(495,775)	-	-	(88)	(84)	(28)	(585,267)
850,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	850,000
´ -	_	6,488	498,810	_	_	88	84	28	571,125
(28)	·								(45,028
849,972		6,488	498,810			88	84	28	1,376,097
690,522	-	-	3,035	-	-	-	-	-	790,830
			23,710						623,536
\$ 690,522	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,745	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<b>\$</b> -	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 1,414,366





Suite 300 19176 Hall Road Clinton Township, MI 48038 Tel: 586.416.4900 Fax: 586.416.4901 plantemoran.com

October 31, 2006

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Berkley 3338 Coolidge Berkley, Michigan 48072

**Dear Mayor and Council Members:** 

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Berkley for the year ended June 30, 2006, we considered the City's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the City's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

45-A District Court - Reconciliation of Bank Accounts and Segregation of Duties

Sound internal controls dictate that bank account reconciliations be prepared on a timely basis for all cash accounts. As you are aware, bank account reconciliations are one of the most important aspects of the internal control environment for the safeguarding of assets and timely identification and correction of errors in the financial records. During the course of our audit, we noted that the reconciliation of the District Court bond account is prepared by the employees of the court, but the reconciliation is not reviewed nor are adjustments recorded in the general ledger by the Finance Department.

Segregation of duties is also an essential component of internal controls. When job responsibilities are properly segregated, the risk of intentional or unintentional error or omission in the accounting records is reduced. To the extent one individual is not involved to a significant degree with the majority of duties in any given area, a system of "checks and balances" is created. Currently, one individual is responsible for making deposits into the District Court bond account, reconciles the account without a supervisory review, and is a check signer on the account. We also noted that checks written out of this account are not consistently communicated to the finance department to be recorded in the City's general ledger, as discussed above. At the end of the year, there was a difference between the balance of this bank account as reconciled by Court personnel and the balance reflected in the City's accounting records. We recommend that functions related to this account be segregated and that the transactions be updated to the general ledger in a timely manner.



In addition to the audit report, we offer the following comments and recommendations for your review and consideration regarding matters that we do not consider to be reportable conditions:

#### Overview of the City's Financial Condition

During the year ended June 30, 2006, General Fund revenues exceeded expenditures by approximately \$245,000. Fund balance at June 30, 2006 was increased to approximately \$2,421,000, of which \$1,787,000 is unreserved and undesignated.

While the increase in fund balance is encouraging, the City continues to be faced with budgetary challenges. During the 2005-2006 fiscal year, the City experienced only modest growth in property tax revenue and a reduction in State revenue sharing; however, most departments were near or below budgeted expenditures. Many challenges, including the potential for further reductions in State revenue-sharing payments, are a direct result of the difficult economic period that has been experienced in the state of Michigan. Other challenges, such as the limited ability to experience growth in property tax revenue, future capital equipment and infrastructure needs, and currently unfunded post-employment benefit obligations are a characteristic of the City and its physical framework. We encourage the City Council and administration to continue to closely monitor the budget in order to ensure adequate fund balance reserves are maintained.

#### **State Shared Revenue**

As you are aware, the continuing budgetary challenges faced by the State impact the City through its revenue sharing payments, which are the second largest revenue source for both the General Fund by itself and the governmental activities as a whole. While the drastic declines in this funding source experienced in recent years appear to have slowed, it is clear that the total amount of money distributed is unlikely to increase without significant changes to the state's revenue structure. At this time, the 2007 projected budget is level with 2006.

It is important to recognize that the authority for the statutory portion of revenue sharing terminates at September 30, 2007. This portion represents approximately \$400,000 of the \$1,466,000 state shared revenue received from the State during the year ended June 30, 2006. We have not heard any significant discussion in Lansing regarding the plans for renewal at that time, but it would be appropriate to begin discussions with your state representative regarding the importance of the revenue sharing program.

#### Federal Funding of Construction Project

It is our understanding that the City is a participant in the Eleven Mile construction project that is administered by the City of Oak Park and will be partially funded through federal funds. The recognition of these federal funds could significantly impact the City's requirement for a single audit under OMB Circular No. A-133 for the years beginning after June 30, 2006 through completion of the project. We encourage the City's management to communicate with the participating communities and applicable state and federal agencies to determine the proper reporting of these federal funds in the City's financial records and, potentially, in a Single Audit Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### **Internal Control Matters**

**Supervisory Review** - The significant amount of turnover in the City's finance department in recent years has made it difficult to maintain consistent procedures related to segregation of duties and supervisory oversight. This was especially difficult in the current fiscal year because the Finance Director position was vacant for several months.



Though this position has been filled and supervisory reviews are being performed, it is our recommendation that as the Finance Director continues to review applicable documents prepared by the finance department staff, special emphasis be placed on reducing the number of audit adjustments in future years.

**Reconciliation of Key Accounts** - During the course of our audit, we noted that the accounts receivable balance for the Water and Sewer Fund was not reconciled to the subsidiary ledger during the year or as of June 30, 2006. We suggest that the finance department perform a reconciliation of this accounts receivable balance monthly in order to identify any errors in a timely manner. It is also our understanding that adjustments to customer accounts can be made by an individual in the public works department without prior supervisory approval or subsequent review. We recommend that the City adjust the procedures related to customer accounts to ensure that monthly activity is reviewed for propriety and month-end balances are reconciled to the general ledger.

#### Reporting to Council

**Investment Activity** - As required for all local units by Public Act 196 of 1997, the City has adopted an investment policy. This Act also requires that the "Investment Officer annually provide a written report to the governing body concerning the investment of funds." It is our understanding that such a report has not been provided to the Council on an annual basis. We recommend the City review this procedure to ensure compliance with Act 196.

**Budgetary Information** - It is our understanding that the Council is not presented budget to actual financial information during the year. We suggest that this information be presented to the Council on a monthly basis. Review of budget to actual information by the Council would provide another level of supervisory review, and assist the Council in identifying potential budget constraints ahead of time. It is our understanding the Council received quarterly budget to actual comparisons starting with the first quarter of fiscal year 2007.

#### Funding of Postemployment Benefit Obligations

As you are aware, the City provides postemployment benefits to retirees that are funded currently from the General Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2006, the cost of these benefits amounted to approximately \$717,000.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has released Statement Number 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 45). The pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care benefits. The intent of the new rules is to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. These new rules will apply to the government-wide financial statements, rather than the individual fund level. As a result, the City will need to continue to budget only the expected cash payments, whether directly for health insurance premiums or for contributions to a pre-funding plan.

While GASB 45 does not require the City to pre-fund retiree health care benefits, it requires an actuarial valuation to be performed to measure the obligation, similar to what is done for the Public Safety Pension trust. The statement is not effective until the City's 2008-2009 fiscal year, however, it is important to consider its impact early. We understand that the City has begun to evaluate the pre-funding of postemployment benefit obligations on an actuarial basis. Actuarial funding generally provides the best mechanism for funding obligations over long time periods and multiple budget cycles.



To provide local governments with additional funding options, legislation has been introduced which would allow bonding as a funding tool. We will keep you updated as developments occur with this legislation.

#### Municipal Finance Act Revisions

The Municipal Finance Act was amended several years ago, requiring communities to submit a filing once a year with the Michigan Department of Treasury. The old ten day "exemption from prior approval" process was eliminated and replaced with this qualification process, which serves as a pre-approval for future debt issues. As a reminder, the current filing is due within six months of the City's year end and is good for one year thereafter. The City should also consider the need to file a qualifying statement for its component unit.

We would like to thank the Council for the opportunity to serve as auditors for the City. If there are any questions about your financial report or the above comments and recommendations, we would be happy to discuss them at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

PLANTE & MORAN, PLLC

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Lisc C. Manetta

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